## REFERENCES

- Ayesha, I. & Mumtaz, A. 2015. *The structural Analysis of Take Pity: A short Story By Bernard Malamud.* University of Sargodha Women Campus, Faisalabad.
- Bal, M. 1997. *Narratology Introduction to the Theory of Narrative*. London: University of Toronto Press.
- Barry, P. 2002. *Beginning Theory; An introduction to Literary and Cultural Theory* (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition). Manchester: Manchester University Press.
- Creswell, J. W. 2012. Educational Research Planning, Conducting, and Evaluating Quantitative and Qualitative Research. Boston, United States of America: Edwards Brothers, Inc.
- Dennis, B. 2006. Jack Zipes (ed.). *Children's Literature*. New York: Oxford University Press. pp. 93–96.
- Fauzan, U. 2016. Structural Analysis of Peanut & Sparky: A Short Story by Arnie Lightning as A Way in Understanding Literature. *Journal Of English Language Teaching and Linguistic(JELTL)*.
- Gomez, A. B. 2015. *Comparative Stuctural Analysis: Cinderella and Ever After: A cinderella story's*. Universidad De La Rioja.
- Greimas, A. J. 1983. *Structural Semantics: An Attempt at A Method. Lincoln*: University of Nebraska Press.
- Lechte, J. 1994. Fifty key Contemporary Thinkers: From Structuralism to Post Modernity. New York: Routledge.
- Prince, G. 1982. *Narratology: The Form and Functioning of Narrative*. New York: Mouton Publishers.

- Perrault, C.& The Brothers Grimm(Eds). 2008. Snow White. *Cinderella, Rumpelstiltskin, and Other Stories* (137-146). Old Saybrook: Tantor Media, Incorporated.
- Perrault, C.& The Brothers Grimm(Eds). 2008. The Sleeping Beauty in the Woods. *Cinderella, Rumpelstiltskin, and Other Stories* (23-32). Old Saybrook: Tantor Media, Incorporated.
- Propp, V.1968. *Morphology of the Folktale*. Texas: University of Texas Press. Nils
- Reiter,(2014). Discovering Similarities in Narrative Texts using Event Alignment
- Algorithms. Universitat Heidelbreg.
- Riessman, C.K.2001."Analysis of Personal Narratives", in J.F. Gubrium and J.A. Holstein(eds), *Handbook of Interviewing*. Newbury Park, CA: Sage.
- Rimmon-Kenan, S. 2005. *Narrative Fiction*. New York: Routledge Taylor and Francis Group.
- Schleifer, R. 1987. A. J. Greimas and the Nature of Meaning: Linguistics, Semiotics and Discourse Theory. Hastings: Croom Helm.
- Selden, R. & Peter, W. 1993. *A Reader's Guide to Contemporary Literary Theory* (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition). Kentucky: The University Press of Kentucky.
- Stanton, R. 1982. *An Introduction Yo Fiction*. Amerika: University Of Washington.
- Sturrock, J. 2003. *Structuralism* (2<sup>nd</sup> Edition). London: Blackwell Publishing.

Verstraten, P. 2009. "Between Attraction and Story: Rethinking Narrativity in Cinema" in *Narratology in the Age of Cross-Disciplinary Narrative Research* (eds. Sandra Heinen & Roy Sommer). Berlin & New York: Walter de Gruyter

## Sample Table for Collecting Data of Snow White Story

No	Data			A	ctants			Explanation
110	Data	Subject	Object	Sender	Receiver	Helper	Opponent	Explanation
1.	The queen took fright and turned yellow and green with envy. From that hour on whenever she looked at Snow White her heart turned over inside her body, so great was her hatred for the girl. The envy and pride grew ever greater, like a weed in her heart, until she had no peace day and night.						The queen	The queen is opponent. she felt envy to snow white. She want to be the most beautiful one, so she gets rid of snow white and hinders snow white's happiness in various ways.

Then she				
summoned a				
huntsman and				
said to him,				
"Take Snow				
White out into				
the woods. I				
never want to				
see her again.				
Kill her, and as				
proof that she is				
dead bring her				
lungs and her				
liver back to				
me."				
TO				
The				
unsuspecting				
Snow White				
stood before her				
and let her do up				
the new lace,				
but the old				
woman pulled				

so quickly and				
so hard that				
Snow White				
could not				
breathe.				
She had barely				
stuck the comb				
into Snow				
White's hair				
when the				
poison took				
effect, and the				
girl fell down				
unconscious.				
Now the apple				
had been so				
artfully made				
that only the red				
half was				
poisoned. Snow				
White longed				
for the beautiful				

		1	1		•	,
	apple, and when she saw that he peasant woman was eating part of it she could no longer resist, and she stuck her hand out and took the poisoned half. She barely had a bite in her					
	bite in her mouth when she fell to the ground dead.					
2.	The prince said joyfully, "You are with me." He told her what had happened, and then said, "I love you more			Snow White		In this section tell that snow white has found her happiness. Snow white was free

	than anything				from her
	else in the				sleep and her
	world. Come				stepmother.
	with me to my				She was also
	father"s castle.				invited to
	You shall				marry by a
	become my				prince and
	wife."				felt very
	Snow White				happy
	loved him, and				
	she went with				
	him. Their				
	wedding was				
	planned with				
	great splendor				
	and majesty.				
3.	Then he said to		The		The prince is
	the dwarfs, "Let		prince		sender. This
	me have the				paragraph
	coffin. I will				explained
	give you				that the
	anything you				prince asked
	want for it."				to bring the
	But the dwarfs				golden chest

	1			Г
answered, "We				and while on
will not sell it				the way, the
for all the gold				prince make
in the				snow white
world." Then				wake up. The
he said, "Then				prince
give it to me,				married her
for I cannot				and made
live without				snow white
being				happy.
able to see				
Snow White. I				
will honor her				
and respect her				
as my most				
cherished one."				
As he thus				
spoke, the good				
dwarfs felt pity				
for him and				
gave him the				
coffin. The				
prince had his				

servants carry it				
away on their				
shoulders. But				
then it				
happened that				
one of them				
stumbled on				
some brush,				
and this				
dislodged from				
Snow				
White"sthroat				
the piece of				
poisoned apple				
that she had				
bitten off. Not				
long afterward				
she opened her				
eyes, lifted the				
lid from				
her coffin, sat				
up, and was				
alive again.				

The prince said				
joyfully, "You				
are with me."				
He told her				
what had				
happened, and				
then said, "I				
love you more				
than anything				
else in the				
world. Come				
with me to my				
father"s castle.				
You shall				
become my				
wife." Snow				
White loved				
him, and she				
went with him.				
Their wedding				
was planned				
with great				
splendor and				
majesty.				

	ı	1		Г		
4.	Soon afterward	Snow				Snow white
	she had a little	White				is subject.
	daughter who					Snow white
	was as white as					has become
	snow, as red as					the target of
	blood, and as					her
	black as ebony					stepmother.
	wood, and					Snow white
	therefore they					really want
	called her Little					to be happy
	Snow White.					and aliminate
	And as soon					all her
	as the child was					sufferings. In
	born, the queen					this story
	died.					snow white
						also told
	Snow White					from the
	grew up and					beginning to
	became ever					the end of
	more beautiful.					the story.
	When she was					
	seven years old					
	she was as					
	beautiful as the					

light of day,				
even more				
beautiful than				
the queen				
herself.				
From that hour				
on whenever she				
looked at Snow				
White her heart				
turned over				
inside her body,				
so great was her				
hatred for the				
girl.				
Against the				
wall there were				
seven little				
beds, all				
standing in a				
row and				
covered with				
Snow White				

sheets.				
Snow White lay there in the coffin a long, long time, and she did not decay, but looked like she was asleep, for she was still as white as snow and as red as blood, and as black-haired as				
ebony wood.  Snow White"s godless stepmother was also invited to the feast				

	_		•		
5.	The huntsman	Happi			The object is
	obeyed and took	ness			happiness, in
	Snow White				this
	into the woods.				paragraph
	He took				explain that
	out his hunting				snow white
	knife and was				feel
	about to stab it				threatened
	into her				and unhappy.
	innocent heart				She was
	when she began				chased by the
	to cry, saying,				queen whose
	"Oh, dear				her
	huntsman, let				stepmother
	me live. I will				herself
	run into the wild				because
	woods and				snow white
	never come				more
	back."				beautiful that
					the queen.
	The poor child				She has been
	was now all				exiled to a
	alone in the				distant place
	great forest, and				but still

	1		1	
she was so				wants to be
afraid that she				killed bu her
just looked at all				own
the leaves on the				stepmother.
trees and did not				So, it can be
know what to				concluded
do. Then she				that Snow
began to run.				White really
She ran over				wants to live
sharp stones and				happily and
through thorns,				safely as
and wild				before.
animals jumped				
at her, but they				
did her no harm.				
She ran as far as				
her feet could				
carry her, and				
just as evening				
was about to fall				
she saw a little				
house and went				
inside in order				
to rest.				

	T		1	
6.	The huntsman		The	The
	obeyed and took		hunts	huntsman is
	Snow White		man	helper, he
	into the woods.		and	want to kill
	He took out his		the	the princess
	hunting knife		dwarfs	ordered by
	and was about			the queen,
	to stab it into			but his heart
	her innocent			feel
	heart when she			annoying
	began to cry,			when the
	saying, "Oh,			princess start
	dear huntsman,			crying. Then
	let me live. I			he say to the
	will run into the			princess to
	wild woods and			run away and
	never come			he wild
	back."			animals to
				devour the
	Because she			princess.
	was so beautiful			
	the huntsman			The dwarfs is
	took pity on her,			helper. The
	and he said,			dwarfs have

"Run away, you				protected
poor child." He				Snow White
thought, "The				from all of
wild animals				the people to
will soon				be safe from
devour you				her
anyway," but				stepmother.
still it was as if a				But the
stone had fallen				dwarfs
from his heart,				finally agree
for he would not				that the
have to kill her.				prince to
				brought the
Now it came to				princess
pass that a				because they
prince entered				saw his
these woods and				sincerity.
happened onto				That way the
the dwarfs"				dwarfs
house, where he				helped Snow
sought shelter				White to
for the night. He				wake up
saw the coffin				indirectly.
on the mountain				J

with beautiful				
Snow White in				
it, and he read				
what was				
written on it				
with golden				
letters.				
Then he said to				
the dwarfs, "Let				
me have the				
coffin. I will				
give you				
anything you				
want for it."				
But the dwarfs				
answered, "We				
will not sell it				
for all the gold				
in the world."				
Then he said,				
"Then give it				
to me, for I				
cannot live				

without being able to see				
Snow White. I will honor her				
and respect her				
as my most				
cherished one."				
As he thus spoke, the good dwarfs felt pity for him and gave him the coffin.				

## Sample Table for Collecting Data of Sleeping Beauty

Na	Data			A	ctants			Employation
No	Data	Subject	Object	Sender	Receiver	Helper	Opponent	Explanation
1.	The old fairy's turn coming next, her head shaking more with spite than with age, she said that the						Old fairy and prince mothers	Old fairy's become opponent. In this paragraph explains that the old
	Princess should pierce her hand with a spindle and die of the wound. This terrible gift made the whole company tremble, and everybody fell a-crying.							fairy's cursing the princess, and make the king and queen lose the princess when she gets pierced by needles.
	He left the							On the second

government of				section, the
the kingdom to				queen
the Queen, his				(prince
mother, and				mothers) is
earnestly				the opponent
commended his				too. The
wife and				queen
children to her				imprison the
care. He was				princess and
obliged to carry				her daughter
on the war all				and she
the summer, and				wants to eat
as soon as he				all of they,
left, the Queen-				because the
mother sent her				queen is on
daughter-in-law				of ogress so,
and her children				she like eat
to a country				something
house among				live. The
the woods.				queen
				blocking the
Some few days				princess's
afterward she				happiness
went thither				that she

herself, and said				already had
to her head				when she
cook:—"I				was free
intend to eat				from the
little Dawn for				curse of the
my dinner				old fairy
tomorrow." "O!				before.
madam!"cried				
the head cook.				
"I will have it				
so," replied the				
Queen (and this				
she spoke in the				
tone of an				
Ogress who had				
a strong desire				
to eat fresh				
meat), "and will				
eat her with a				
sharp sauce."				
Eight days				
afterwards the				
wicked Queen				

	said to the chief cook, "I will sup upon little Day."  All had gone well up to now; but one evening this wicked Queen said to her chief cook:— "I will eat the Queen with the same sauce I had with her children."				
2.	The old fairy's turn coming next, her head shaking more with spite than with age, she said that the	happin ess			The object is happiness. The princess always getting something bad. The first

	<del>                                     </del>	1			
Princess should					is the curse
pierce her hand					of the old
with a spindle					fairy when
and die of the					she was
wound. This					born, and the
terrible gift					second is she
made the whole					has a bad
company					handling f
tremble, and					the prince
everybody fell					mothers. So
a-crying.					it can be
					concluded
She had no					that princess
sooner taken it					really want
into her hand					to have a
than, either					happy live.
because she was					
too quick and					
heedless, or					
because the					
decree of the					
fairy had so					
ordained, it ran					
into her hand,					

and she fell				
down in a				
swoon.				
"I will eat the				
Queen with the				
same sauce I				
had with her				
children."				
Now the poor				
chief cook was				
in despair and				
could not				
imagine how to				
deceive her				
again.				
they should				
bring into the				
middle of the				
great court a				
large tub filled				
with toads,				
vipers, snakes,				

	,	-		1	1
	and all sorts of				
	serpents, in				
	order to have				
	the Queen and				
	her children,				
	the chief cook,				
	his wife and				
	maid, thrown				
	into it, all of				
	whom were to				
	be brought				
	thither with				
	their hands tied				
	behind them.				
3.	At this very			Young	The young
	instant the			fairy	fairy is
	young fairy			and	helper. The
	came from			chief	young fairy
	behind the			cook	helps the
	curtains				king and
	and said these				queen to
	words in a loud				reduce the
	voice:—				curse give by
	"Assure				the old fairy.

yourselves, O				So that the
King and				king and
Queen, that				queen will
your daughter				not lose the
shall not				princess
die of this				forever, the
disaster. It is				princess will
true, I have no				return when
power to undo				the prince
entirely what				arrives in a
my				hundred
elder has done.				years.
The Princess				
shall indeed				The chief
pierce her hand				cook is also
with a spindle;				helper. The
but, instead of				chef helps
dying, she				the princess
shall only fall				and her
into a deep				daughter to
sleep, which				escape from
shall				the queen.
last a hundred				The queen
years, at the				really wants

end of which a				to eat the
king"s son				princess and
shall come and				her daughter.
awake her."				but the chef
				deceive the
Upon which he				queen and
began to weep,				hid the
the great knife				princess.
fell out of his				
hand,				
and he went				
into the back				
yard and killed				
a little lamb,				
and dressed it				
with such good				
sauce that his				
mistress assured				
him she had				
never eaten				
anything so				
good in her				
life. He had at				
the same time				

taken up little				
Dawn and				
carried her to				
his wife, to				
conceal her in				
his lodging at				
the end				
of the courtyard				
He answered				
not a word,				
being resolved				
to cheat her				
again as he had				
done before. He				
went to find				
little Day, and				
saw him with a				
foil in his hand,				
with which he				
was fencing				
with a great				
monkey: the				
child was then				
only three years				

of age. He took				
him up in his				
arms and carried				
him to his wife,				
that she might				
conceal him in				
her chamber				
along with his				
sister,				
and instead of				
little Day he				
served up a				
young and very				
tender kid,				
which the				
Ogress found to				
be wonderfully				
good.				
"No, no,				
madam," cried				
the poor chief				
cook, all in ears;				
"you shall not				

	die, and you				
	shall see your				
	children again at				
	once. But then				
	you must go				
	home with me				
	to my lodgings,				
	where I have				
	concealed				
	them, and I				
	will deceive the				
	Queen once				
	more, by giving				
	her a young				
	hind in your				
	stead."				
4.	The old fairy's	The			Princess is
	turn coming	princess			subject. She
	next, her head				meet the
	shaking more				opponent
	with spite than				twice before
	with age, she				she have her
	said that the				happy live.
	Princess should				She was

imagine how to deceive her	•				cursed and threatened to be eaten by the queen. She have been helped by the young fairy and the chief cook, so she live happily ever after.
----------------------------	---	--	--	--	---

	they should				
	bring into the				
	middle of the				
	great court a				
	large tub filled				
	with toads,				
	vipers, snakes,				
	and all sorts of				
	serpents, in				
	order to have				
	the Queen and				
	her children,				
	the chief cook,				
	his wife and				
	maid, thrown				
	into it, all of				
	whom were to				
	be brought				
	thither with				
	their hands tied				
	behind them.				
5.	Then, as the end		The		The prince
	of the		prince		wakes the
	enchantment				princess and

	1		1	
was come, the				married her
Princess awoke,				to make her
and looking on				happy. Even
him with eyes				though the
more tender				princess is
than could have				threatened
been expected				again by the
at first sight,				queen, prince
said:—				returns to
"Is it you, my				make her
Prince? You				happy and
have waited a				lucky to have
long while."				two children
The Prince,				and live
charmed with				happily
these words,				together.
and much				
more with the				
manner in				
which they				
were spoken,				
knew not how				
to show his joy				
and				

gratitude; he				
assured her				
that he loved				
her better than				
he did himself.				
The Prince				
helped the				
Princess to rise.				
She was entirely				
and very				
magnificently				
dressed; but his				
royal Highness				
took care not to				
tell her that she				
was dressed				
like his great-				
grandmother,				
and had a high				
collar. She				
looked not a bit				
the less				
charming and				

beautiful for all				
that.				
They went into				
the great				
mirrored hall,				
where they				
supped, and				
were				
served by the				
officers of the				
Princess's				
household. The				
violins and haut				
boys played old				
tunes, but they				
were excellent,				
though they had				
not been played				
for a hundred				
years; and after				
supper, without				
losing any time,				
the lord almoner				

married them in				
the chapel of the	;			
castle.				
No one dared to	,			
tell him, when				
the Ogress, all				
enraged to see				
what had				
happened, threw				
herself head				
foremost into				
the tub, and				
was instantly				
devoured by				
the ugly				
creatures she				
had ordered to				
be thrown into				
it to kill the				
others.The King				
was of course				
very sorry, for				
she was his				

mother; but he soon comforted himself with hi beautiful wife and his prettychildren.					
6. They were brought out accordingly, ar the executioners were just goin to throw them into the tub, when the King who was not so soon expected, entered the court on horseback and asked, with the utmost astonishment, what was the	g ,		The prince and princess		The prince and princess are receiver. The princess has got her happiness after the curse of the old fairy and the confinement of the queen. After being rescued twice by the prince, finally princess felt

meaning of that		happy with
horrible		her husband
spectacle.		and their
		children.
No one dared		
to tell him,		The prince
when the		also the
Ogress, all		receiver
enraged to see		because of
what had		his sadness
happened, threw		of her
herself head		mother, he
foremost into		still felt
the tub, and		happy
was instantly		because of
devoured by		her beautiful
the ugly		wife and
creatures she		their
had ordered to		children.
be thrown into it		
to kill the		
others.The King		
was of course		
very sorry, for		

she was his				
mother; but he				
soon comforted				
himself with his				
beautiful wife				
and his				
prettychildren.				

**Snow White** 

ONCE upon a time in midwinter, when the snowflakes were falling like feathers from heaven, a queen sat sewing at her window, which had a frame of black ebony wood. As she sewed she looked up at the snow and pricked her finger with her needle. Three drops of blood fell into the snow. The red on the white looked so beautiful that she thought to herself, "If only I had a child as white as snow, as red as blood, and as black as the wood in this frame."

Soon afterward she had a little daughter who was as white as snow, as red as blood, and as black as ebony wood, and therefore they called her Little Snow White. And as soon as the child was born, the queen died.

A year later the king took himself another wife. She was a beautiful woman, but she was proud and arrogant, and she could not stand it if anyone might surpass her in beauty. She had a magic mirror. Every morning she stood before it, looked at herself, and said:

Mirror, mirror, on the wall, Who in this land is fairest of all?

To this the mirror answered:

You, my queen, are fairest of all.

Then she was satisfied, for she knew that the mirror spoke the truth.

Snow White grew up and became ever more beautiful. When she was seven years old she was as beautiful as the light of day, even more beautiful than the queen herself.

One day when the queen asked her mirror:

Mirror, mirror, on the wall, Who in this land is fairest of all?

It answered:

You, my queen, are fair; it is true. But Snow White is a thousand times fairer than you. The queen took fright and turned yellow and green with envy. From that hour on whenever she looked at Snow White her heart turned over inside her body, so great was her hatred for the girl. The envy and pride grew ever greater, like a weed in her heart, until she had no peace day and night.

Then she summoned a huntsman and said to him, "Take Snow White out into the woods. I never want to see her again. Kill her, and as proof that she is dead bring her lungs and her liver back to me."

The huntsman obeyed and took Snow White into the woods. He took out his hunting knife and was about to stab it into her innocent heart when she began to cry, saying, "Oh, dear huntsman, let me live. I will run into the wild woods and never come back."

Because she was so beautiful the huntsman took pity on her, and he said, "Run away, you poor child."

He thought, "The wild animals will soon devour you anyway," but still it was as if a stone had fallen from his heart, for he would not have to kill her.

Just then a young boar came running by. He killed it, cut out its lungs and liver, and took them back to the queen as proof of Snow White's death. The cook had to boil them with salt, and the wicked woman ate them, supposing that she had eaten Snow White's lungs and liver.

The poor child was now all alone in the great forest, and she was so afraid that she just looked at all the leaves on the trees and did not know what to do. Then she began to run. She ran over sharp stones and through thorns, and wild animals jumped at her, but they did her no harm. She ran as far as her feet could carry her, and just as evening was about to fall she saw a little house and went inside in order to rest.

Inside the house everything was small, but so neat and clean that no one could say otherwise. There was a little table with a white tablecloth and seven little plates, and each plate had a spoon, and there were seven knives and forks and seven mugs as well. Against the wall there were seven little beds, all standing in a row and covered with Snow White sheets.

Because she was so hungry and thirsty Snow White ate a few vegetables and a little bread from each little plate, and from each mug

she drank a drop of wine. Afterward, because she was so tired, she lay down on a bed, but none of them felt right—one was too long, the other too short—until finally the seventh one was just right. She remained lying in it, entrusted herself to God, and fell asleep.

After dark the masters of the house returned home. They were the seven dwarfs who picked and dug for ore in the mountains. They lit their seven candles, and as soon as it was light in their house they saw that someone had been there, for not everything was in the same order as they had left it.

The first one said, "Who has been sitting in my chair?"

The second one, "Who has been eating from my plate?"

The third one, "Who has been eating my bread?"

The fourth one, "Who has been eating my vegetables?"

The fifth one, "Who has been sticking with my fork?"

The sixth one, "Who has been cutting with my knife?"

The seventh one, "Who has been drinking from my mug?"

Then the first one saw a that there was a little imprint in his bed, and said, "Who stepped on my bed?"

The others came running up and shouted, "Someone has been lying in mine as well."

But the seventh one, looking at his bed, found Snow White lying there asleep. The seven dwarfs all came running up, and they cried out with amazement. They fetched their seven candles and shone the light on Snow White. "Oh good heaven! Oh good heaven!" they cried. "This child is so beautiful!"

They were so happy, that they did not wake her up, but let her continue to sleep there in the bed. The seventh dwarf had to sleep with his companions, one hour with each one, and then the night was done.

The next morning Snow White woke up, and when she saw the seven dwarfs she was frightened. But they were friendly and asked, "What is your name?"

"My name is Snow White," she answered.

"How did you find your way to our house?" the dwarfs asked further.

Then she told them that her stepmother had tried to kill her, that the huntsman had spared her life, and that she had run the entire day, finally coming to their house. The dwarfs said, "If you will keep house for us, and cook, make beds, wash, sew, and knit, and keep everything clean and orderly, then you can stay with us, and you shall have everything that you want."

"Yes," said Snow White, "with all my heart."

So she kept house for them. Every morning they went into the mountains looking for ore and gold, and in the evening when they came back home their meal had to be ready. During the day the girl was alone.

The good dwarfs warned her, saying, "Be careful about your stepmother. She will soon know that you are here. Do not let anyone in."

Now the queen, believing that she had eaten Snow White's lungs and liver, could only think that she was again the first and the most beautiful woman of all. She stepped before her mirror and said:

Mirror, mirror, on the wall, Who in this land is fairest of all?

It answered:

You, my queen, are fair; it is true. But Snow White, beyond the mountains With the seven dwarfs, Is still a thousand times fairer than you.

This startled the queen, for she knew that the mirror did not lie, and she realized that the huntsman had deceived her, and that Snow White was still alive. Then she thought, and thought again, how she could kill Snow White, for as long as long as she was not the most beautiful woman in the entire land her envy would give her no rest.

At last she thought of something. Coloring her face, she disguised herself as an old peddler woman, so that no one would recognize her. In this disguise she went to the house of the seven dwarfs. Knocking on the door she called out, "Beautiful wares for sale, for sale!"

Snow White peered out the window and said, "Good day, dear woman, what do you have for sale?"

"Good wares, beautiful wares," she answered. "Bodice laces in all colors." And she took out one that was braided from colorful silk. "Would you like this one?"

"I can let that honest woman in," thought Snow White, then unbolted the door and bought the pretty bodice lace.

"Child," said the old woman, "how you look! Come, let me lace you up properly."

The unsuspecting Snow White stood before her and let her do up the new lace, but the old woman pulled so quickly and so hard that Snow White could not breathe.

"You used to be the most beautiful one," said the old woman, and hurried away.

Not long afterward, in the evening time, the seven dwarfs came home. How terrified they were when they saw their dear Snow White lying on the ground, not moving at all, as though she were dead. They lifted her up, and, seeing that she was too tightly laced, they cut the lace in two. Then she began to breathe a little, and little by little she came back to life.

When the dwarfs heard what had happened they said, "The old peddler woman was no one else but the godless queen. Take care and let no one in when we are not with you."

When the wicked woman returned home she went to her mirror and asked:

Mirror, mirror, on the wall, Who in this land is fairest of all?

The mirror answered once again:

You, my queen, are fair; it is true. But Snow White, beyond the mountains With the seven dwarfs, Is still a thousand times fairer than you.

When she heard that, all her blood ran to her heart because she knew that Snow White had come back to life. "This time," she said, "I shall think of something that will destroy you."

Then with the art of witchcraft, which she understood, she made a poisoned comb. Then she disguised herself, taking the form of a different old woman. Thus she went across the seven mountains to the seven dwarfs, knocked on the door, and called out, "Good wares for sale, for sale!"

Snow White looked out and said, "Go on your way. I am not allowed to let anyone in."

"You surely may take a look," said the old woman, pulling out the poisoned comb and holding it up. The child liked it so much that she let herself be deceived, and she opened the door.

After they had agreed on the purchase, the old woman said, "Now let me comb your hair properly."

She had barely stuck the comb into Snow White's hair when the poison took effect, and the girl fell down unconscious.

"You specimen of beauty," said the wicked woman, "now you are finished." And she walked away.

Fortunately it was almost evening, and the seven dwarfs came home. When they saw Snow White lying on the ground as if she were dead, they immediately suspected her stepmother. They examined her and found the poisoned comb. They had scarcely pulled it out when Snow White came to herself again and told them what had happened. Once again they warned her to be on guard and not to open the door for anyone.

Back at home the queen stepped before her mirror and said:

Mirror, mirror, on the wall, Who in this land is fairest of all?

The mirror answered:

You, my queen, are fair; it is true. But Snow White, beyond the mountains With the seven dwarfs, Is still a thousand times fairer than you. When the queen heard the mirror saying this, she shook and trembled with anger, "Snow White shall die," she shouted, "if it costs me my life!"

Then she went into her most secret room—no one else was allowed inside—and she made a poisoned, poisoned apple. From the outside it was beautiful, white with red cheeks, and anyone who saw it would want it. But anyone who might eat a little piece of it would died. Then, coloring her face, she disguised herself as a peasant woman, and thus went across the seven mountains to the seven dwarfs. She knocked on the door.

Snow White stuck her head out the window and said, "I am not allowed to let anyone in. The dwarfs have forbidden me to do so."

"That is all right with me," answered the peasant woman. "I'll easily get rid of my apples. Here, I'll give you one of them."

"No," said Snow White, "I cannot accept anything."

"Are you afraid of poison?" asked the old woman. "Look, I'll cut the apple in two. You eat the red half, and I shall eat the white half."

Now the apple had been so artfully made that only the red half was poisoned. Snow White longed for the beautiful apple, and when she saw that the peasant woman was eating part of it she could no longer resist, and she stuck her hand out and took the poisoned half. She barely had a bite in her mouth when she fell to the ground dead.

The queen looked at her with a gruesome stare, laughed loudly, and said, "White as snow, red as blood, black as ebony wood! This time the dwarfs cannot awaken you."

Back at home she asked her mirror:

Mirror, mirror, on the wall, Who in this land is fairest of all?

It finally answered:

You, my queen, are fairest of all.

Then her envious heart was at rest, as well as an envious heart can be at rest.

When the dwarfs came home that evening they found Snow White lying on the ground. She was not breathing at all. She was dead. They lifted her up and looked for something poisonous. They undid her laces. They combed her hair. They washed her with water and wine. But nothing helped. The dear child was dead, and she remained dead. They laid her on a bier, and all seven sat next to her and mourned for her and cried for three days. They were going to bury her, but she still looked as fresh as a living person, and still had her beautiful red cheeks.

They said, "We cannot bury her in the black earth," and they had a transparent glass coffin made, so she could be seen from all sides. They laid her inside, and with golden letters wrote on it her name, and that she was a princess. Then they put the coffin outside on a mountain, and one of them always stayed with it and watched over her. The animals too came and mourned for Snow White, first an owl, then a raven, and finally a dove.

Snow White lay there in the coffin a long, long time, and she did not decay, but looked like she was asleep, for she was still as white as snow and as red as blood, and as black-haired as ebony wood.

Now it came to pass that a prince entered these woods and happened onto the dwarfs' house, where he sought shelter for the night. He saw the coffin on the mountain with beautiful Snow White in it, and he read what was written on it with golden letters.

Then he said to the dwarfs, "Let me have the coffin. I will give you anything you want for it."

But the dwarfs answered, "We will not sell it for all the gold in the world."

Then he said, "Then give it to me, for I cannot live without being able to see Snow White. I will honor her and respect her as my most cherished one."

As he thus spoke, the good dwarfs felt pity for him and gave him the coffin. The prince had his servants carry it away on their shoulders. But then it happened that one of them stumbled on some brush, and this dislodged from Snow White's throat the piece of poisoned apple that she had bitten off. Not long afterward she opened her eyes, lifted the lid from her coffin, sat up, and was alive again.

"Good heavens, where am I?" she cried out.

The prince said joyfully, "You are with me." He told her what had happened, and then said, "I love you more than anything else in the world. Come with me to my father's castle. You shall become my wife." Snow White loved him, and she went with him. Their wedding was planned with great splendor and majesty.

Snow White's godless stepmother was also invited to the feast. After putting on her beautiful clothes she stepped before her mirror and said:

Mirror, mirror, on the wall, Who in this land is fairest of all?

The mirror answered:

You, my queen, are fair; it is true. But the young queen is a thousand times fairer than you.

The wicked woman uttered a curse, and she became so frightened, so frightened, that she did not know what to do. At first she did not want to go to the wedding, but she found no peace. She had to go and see the young queen. When she arrived she recognized Snow White, and terrorized, she could only stand there without moving.

Then they put a pair of iron shoes into burning coals. They were brought forth with tongs and placed before her. She was forced to step into the red-hot shoes and dance until she fell down dead.

#### The End

The Sleeping Beauty in the Woods

ONCE upon a time there was a king and a queen, who were very sorry that they had no children,—so sorry that it cannot be told.

At last, however, the Queen had a daughter. There was a very fine christening; and the Princess had for her godmothers all the fairies they could find in the whole kingdom (there were seven of them), so that every one of them might confer a gift upon her, as was the custom of fairies in those days. By this means the Princess had all the perfections imaginable.

After the christening was over, the company returned to the King's palace, where was prepared a great feast for the fairies. There was placed before every one of them a magnificent cover with a case of massive gold, wherein were a spoon, and a knife and fork, all of pure gold set with diamonds and rubies. But as they were all sitting down at table they saw a very old fairy come into the hall. She had not been invited, because for more than fifty years she had not been out of a certain tower, and she was believed to be either dead or enchanted.

The King ordered her a cover, but he could not give her a case of gold as the others had, because seven only had been made for the seven fairies. The old fairy fancied she was slighted, and muttered threats between her teeth. One of the young fairies who sat near heard her, and, judging that she might give the little Princess some unlucky gift, hid herself behind the curtains as soon as they left the table. She hoped that she might speak last and undo as much as she could the evil which the old fairy might do.

In the meanwhile all the fairies began to give their gifts to the Princess. The youngest gave her for her gift that she should be the most beautiful person in the world; the next, that she should have the wit of an angel; the third, that she should be able to do everything she did gracefully; the fourth, that she should dance perfectly; the fifth, that she should sing like a nightingale; and the sixth, that she should play all kinds of musical instruments to the fullest perfection.

The old fairy's turn coming next, her head shaking more with spite than with age, she said that the Princess should pierce her hand with a spindle and die of the wound. This terrible gift made the whole company tremble, and everybody fell a-crying. At this very instant the young fairy came from behind the curtains and said these words in a loud voice:—

"Assure yourselves, O King and Queen, that your daughter shall not die of this disaster. It is true, I have no power to undo entirely what my elder has done. The Princess shall indeed pierce her hand with a spindle; but, instead of dying, she shall only fall into a deep sleep, which shall last a hundred years, at the end of which a king's son shall come and awake her."

The King, to avoid the misfortune foretold by the old fairy, issued orders forbidding any one, on pain of death, to spin with a distaff and spindle, or to have a spindle in his house. About fifteen or sixteen years after, the King and Queen being absent at one of their country villas, the young Princess was one day running up and down the palace; she went from room to room, and at last she came into a little garret on the top of the tower, where a good old woman, alone, was spinning with her spindle. This good woman had never heard of the King's orders against spindles.

"What are you doing there, my good woman?" said the Princess.

"I am spinning, my pretty child," said the old woman, who did not know who the Princess was.

"Ha!" said the Princess, "this is very pretty; how do you do it? Give it to me. Let me see if I can do it."

She had no sooner taken it into her hand than, either because she was too quick and heedless, or because the decree of the fairy had so ordained, it ran into her hand, and she fell down in a swoon.

The good old woman, not knowing what to do, cried out for help. People came in from every quarter; they threw water upon the face of the Princess, unlaced her, struck her on the palms of her hands, and rubbed her temples with cologne water; but nothing would bring her to herself.

Then the King, who came up at hearing the noise, remembered what the fairies had foretold. He knew very well that this must come to pass, since the fairies had foretold it, and he caused the Princess to be carried into the finest room in his palace, and to be laid upon a bed all embroidered with gold and silver. One would have taken her for a little angel, she was so beautiful; for her swooning had not dimmed the brightness of her complexion: her cheeks were carnation, and her lips

coral. It is true her eyes were shut, but she was heard to breathe softly, which satisfied those about her that she was not dead.

The King gave orders that they should let her sleep quietly till the time came for her to awake. The good fairy who had saved her life by condemning her to sleep a hundred years was in the kingdom of Matakin, twelve thousand leagues off, when this accident befell the Princess; but she was instantly informed of it by a little dwarf, who had seven-leagued boots, that is, boots with which he could stride over seven leagues of ground at once. The fairy started off at once, and arrived, about an hour later, in a fiery chariot drawn by dragons.

The King handed her out of the chariot, and she approved everything he had done; but as she had very great foresight, she thought that when the Princess should awake she might not know what to do with herself, if she was all alone in this old palace. This was what she did: she touched with her wand everything in the palace (except the King and Queen),—governesses, maids of honor, ladies of the bedchamber, gentlemen, officers, stewards, cooks, undercooks, kitchen maids, guards with their porters, pages, and footmen; she likewise touched all the horses which were in the stables, the cart horses, the hunters and the saddle horses, the grooms, the great dogs in the outward court, and little Mopsey, too, the Princess's spaniel, which was lying on the bed.

As soon as she touched them they all fell asleep, not to awake again until their mistress did, that they might be ready to wait upon her when she wanted them. The very spits at the fire, as full as they could hold of partridges and pheasants, fell asleep, and the fire itself as well. All this was done in a moment. Fairies are not long in doing their work.

And now the King and Queen, having kissed their dear child without waking her, went out of the palace and sent forth orders that nobody should come near it.

These orders were not necessary; for in a quarter of an hour's time there grew up all round about the park such a vast number of trees, great and small, bushes and brambles, twining one within another, that neither man nor beast could pass through; so that nothing could be seen but the very top of the towers of the palace; and that, too, only from afar off. Every one knew that this also was the work of the fairy in order that

while the Princess slept she should have nothing to fear from curious people.

After a hundred years the son of the King then reigning, who was of another family from that of the sleeping Princess, was a-hunting on that side of the country, and he asked what those towers were which he saw in the middle of a great thick wood. Every one answered according as they had heard. Some said that it was an old haunted castle, others that all the witches of the country held their midnight revels there, but the common opinion was that it was an ogre's dwelling, and that he carried to it all the little children he could catch, so as to eat them up at his leisure, without any one being able to follow him, for he alone had the power to make his way through the wood.

The Prince did not know what to believe, and presently a very aged countryman spake to him thus:—

"May it please your royal Highness, more than fifty years since I heard from my father that there was then in this castle the most beautiful princess that was ever seen; that she must sleep there a hundred years, and that she should be waked by a king's son, for whom she was reserved."

The young Prince on hearing this was all on fire. He thought, without weighing the matter, that he could put an end to this rare adventure; and, pushed on by love and the desire of glory, resolved at once to look into it.

As soon as he began to get near to the wood, all the great trees, the bushes, and brambles gave way of themselves to let him pass through. He walked up to the castle which he saw at the end of a large avenue; and you can imagine he was a good deal surprised when he saw none of his people following him, because the trees closed again as soon as he had passed through them. However, he did not cease from continuing his way; a young prince in search of glory is ever valiant.

He came into a spacious outer court, and what he saw was enough to freeze him with horror. A frightful silence reigned over all; the image of death was everywhere, and there was nothing to be seen but what seemed to be the outstretched bodies of dead men and animals. He, however, very well knew, by the ruby faces and pimpled noses of the porters, that they were only asleep; and their goblets, wherein still remained some

drops of wine, showed plainly that they had fallen asleep while drinking their wine.

He then crossed a court paved with marble, went up the stairs, and came into the guard chamber, where guards were standing in their ranks, with their muskets upon their shoulders, and snoring with all their might. He went through several rooms full of gentlemen and ladies, some standing and others sitting, but all were asleep. He came into a gilded chamber, where he saw upon a bed, the curtains of which were all open, the most beautiful sight ever beheld—a princess who appeared to be about fifteen or sixteen years of age, and whose bright and resplendent beauty had something divine in it. He approached with trembling and admiration, and fell down upon his knees before her.

Then, as the end of the enchantment was come, the Princess awoke, and looking on him with eyes more tender than could have been expected at first sight, said:—

"Is it you, my Prince? You have waited a long while."

The Prince, charmed with these words, and much more with the manner in which they were spoken, knew not how to show his joy and gratitude; he assured her that he loved her better than he did himself. Their discourse was not very connected, but they were the better pleased, for where there is much love there is little eloquence. He was more at a loss than she, and we need not wonder at it; she had had time to think of what to say to him; for it is evident (though history says nothing of it) that the good fairy, during so long a sleep, had given her very pleasant dreams. In short, they talked together for four hours, and then they said not half they had to say.

In the meanwhile all the palace had woke up with the Princess; every one thought upon his own business, and as they were not in love, they were ready to die of hunger. The lady of honor, being as sharp set as the other folks, grew very impatient, and told the Princess aloud that the meal was served. The Prince helped the Princess to rise. She was entirely and very magnificently dressed; but his royal Highness took care not to tell her that she was dressed like his great-grandmother, and had a high collar. She looked not a bit the less charming and beautiful for all that.

They went into the great mirrored hall, where they supped, and were served by the officers of the Princess's household. The violins and haut

boys played old tunes, but they were excellent, though they had not been played for a hundred years; and after supper, without losing any time, the lord almoner married them in the chapel of the castle. They had but very little sleep—the Princess scarcely needed any; and the Prince left her next morning to return into the city, where his father was greatly troubled about him.

The Prince told him that he lost his way in the forest as he was hunting, and that he had slept in the cottage of a charcoal-burner, who gave him cheese and brown bread.

The King, his father, who was a good man, believed him; but his mother could not be persuaded that it was true; and seeing that he went almost every day a-hunting, and that he always had some excuse ready for so doing, though he had been out three or four nights together, she began to suspect that he was married; for he lived thus with the Princess above two whole years, during which they had two children, the elder, a daughter, was named Dawn, and the younger, a son, they called Day, because he was a great deal handsomer than his sister.

The Queen spoke several times to her son, to learn after what manner he was passing his time, and told him that in this he ought in duty to satisfy her. But he never dared to trust her with his secret; he feared her, though he loved her, for she was of the race of the Ogres, and the King married her for her vast riches alone. It was even whispered about the Court that she had Ogreish inclinations, and that, whenever she saw little children passing by, she had all the difficulty in the world to prevent herself from falling upon them. And so the Prince would never tell her one word.

But when the King was dead, which happened about two years afterward, and he saw himself lord and master, he openly declared his marriage: and he went in great state to conduct his Queen to the palace. They made a magnificent entry into the capital city, she riding between her two children.

Soon after, the King made war on Emperor Cantalabutte, his neighbor. He left the government of the kingdom to the Queen, his mother, and earnestly commended his wife and children to her care. He was obliged to carry on the war all the summer, and as soon as he left, the Queen-mother sent her daughter-in-law and her children to a country

house among the woods, that she might with the more ease gratify her horrible longing. Some few days afterward she went thither herself, and said to her head cook:—

"I intend to eat little Dawn for my dinner to-morrow."

"O! madam!" cried the head cook.

"I will have it so," replied the Queen (and this she spoke in the tone of an Ogress who had a strong desire to eat fresh meat), "and will eat her with a sharp sauce."

The poor man, knowing very well that he must not play tricks with Ogresses, took his great knife and went up into little Dawn's chamber. She was then nearly four years old, and came up to him, jumping and laughing, to put her arms round his neck, and ask him for some sugarcandy. Upon which he began to weep, the great knife fell out of his hand, and he went into the back yard and killed a little lamb, and dressed it with such good sauce that his mistress assured him she had never eaten anything so good in her life. He had at the same time taken up little Dawn and carried her to his wife, to conceal her in his lodging at the end of the courtyard.

Eight days afterwards the wicked Queen said to the chief cook, "I will sup upon little Day."

He answered not a word, being resolved to cheat her again as he had done before. He went to find little Day, and saw him with a foil in his hand, with which he was fencing with a great monkey: the child was then only three years of age. He took him up in his arms and carried him to his wife, that she might conceal him in her chamber along with his sister, and instead of little Day he served up a young and very tender kid, which the Ogress found to be wonderfully good.

All had gone well up to now; but one evening this wicked Queen said to her chief cook:—

"I will eat the Queen with the same sauce I had with her children."

Now the poor chief cook was in despair and could not imagine how to deceive her again. The young Queen was over twenty years old, not reckoning the hundred years she had been asleep: and how to find something to take her place greatly puzzled him. He then decided, to save his own life, to cut the Queen's throat; and going up into her chamber, with intent to do it at once, he put himself into as great fury as

he possibly could, and came into the young Queen's room with his dagger in his hand. He would not, however, deceive her, but told her, with a great deal of respect, the orders he had received from the Queenmother.

"Do it; do it," she said, stretching out her neck. "Carry out your orders, and then I shall go and see my children, my poor children, whom I loved so much and so tenderly."

For she thought them dead, since they had been taken away without her knowledge.

"No, no, madam," cried the poor chief cook, all in tears; "you shall not die, and you shall see your children again at once. But then you must go home with me to my lodgings, where I have concealed them, and I will deceive the Queen once more, by giving her a young hind in your stead."

Upon this he forthwith conducted her to his room, where, leaving her to embrace her children, and cry along with them, he went and dressed a young hind, which the Queen had for her supper, and devoured with as much appetite as if it had been the young Queen. She was now well satisfied with her cruel deeds, and she invented a story to tell the King on his return, of how the Queen his wife and her two children had been devoured by mad wolves.

One evening, as she was, according to her custom, rambling round about the courts and yards of the palace to see if she could smell any fresh meat, she heard, in a room on the ground floor, little Day crying, for his mamma was going to whip him, because he had been naughty; and she heard, at the same time, little Dawn begging mercy for her brother.

The Ogress knew the voice of the Queen and her children at once, and being furious at having been thus deceived, she gave orders (in a most horrible voice which made everybody tremble) that, next morning by break of day, they should bring into the middle of the great court a large tub filled with toads, vipers, snakes, and all sorts of serpents, in order to have the Queen and her children, the chief cook, his wife and maid, thrown into it, all of whom were to be brought thither with their hands tied behind them

They were brought out accordingly, and the executioners were just going to throw them into the tub, when the King, who was not so soon expected, entered the court on horseback and asked, with the utmost astonishment, what was the meaning of that horrible spectacle.

No one dared to tell him, when the Ogress, all enraged to see what had happened, threw herself head foremost into the tub, and was instantly devoured by the ugly creatures she had ordered to be thrown into it to kill the others. The King was of course very sorry, for she was his mother; but he soon comforted himself with his beautiful wife and his pretty children.



#### FAKULTAS KEGURUAN DAN ILMU PENDIDIKAN UNIVERSITAS PGRI ADI BUANA SURABAYA Kampus I: Jl. Ngagel Dadi III-B/37 Telp. (031)5053127,5041097 Fax. (031)5662804 Surabaya 60234 Kampus II: Jl. Dukuh Menanggal XII Telp.(031)8281181, 8281182. 8281183 Surabaya 60234.

http://fkip.unipasby.ac.id/

### THESIS REVISION FORM

Student's name Student's Reg. Number (NIM)

Department

Thesis Examination Date

Thesis Title

Examiner 1

Examiner 2

: Rujuk Rochmatul Putri

: 165300033

: English Language Education

: 28 January 2020

A Comparative Analysis of Structura

Narrative in Snow White and Sleepin

Beauty

Salim Nabhan, S.Pd., M.A.

Dr. Nunung Nurjati, S.E., M.Pd.

No	Materials	Examiner 1	Examiner 2
No 1	Grammatical issues (simple past)	*2	8 0
2	Format	(A)	28
3	Extra in Chapter 4		5
4			
5			

The deadline for the corrected or revised thesis: two weeks after the thesis examinantion

Examiner 1.

Examiner 2.

Dr. Nunung Nurjati, S.E., M.Pd. NIDN 0726076301\*)



## FAKULTAS KEGURUAN DAN ILMU PENDIDIKAN UNIVERSITAS PGRI ADI BUANA SURABAYA

 J. R. Ramand Chadr III-3v-27 Telp. (021) 5053127. 5011097 Fee. (021) 5662804 Farel oys. 60224 h. Ampus II. R. Enduck Mccanagast NII Telp. (021) 8261181, 8281182, 8281183 Socionys 60234 http://fkip.unipasby.ac.id/

# RECORDS OF THESIS SUPERVISION SESSION

Student's name

Student's Reg. Number

(NIM)

Department

Thesis title

: Rujuk Rochmatul Putri : 165300033

: English Language Education

: A Comparative Analysis of

Structural Narrative in Snow White

No	Dates	Many Steeping Beauty	
1	06-12-19	Materials A	dvisor
2	13-12-19	Chapter IV: Findings	b
3	26-12-19	Chapter IV : Findings	20
4	02-01-20	Chapter IV : Discussion	Po
5	03-01-20	Chapter IV: Discussion	2
6	07-01-20	Chapter IV: Findings & Dsicussion	12
7	10-01-20	Chapter V: Conclussion	20,
8	13-01-20	Abstact: Revised	10
9	15-01-20	Chapter I – V: ACC	R P
10	16-01-2020	ACC	P

The Thesis supervisions have been completed on 16 January 2020 U

Acknowledged by

Dean of FKIP.

Subari, B.H., M.Si.

NIP.196801031992031003

Advisor

Dr. Nunung Nunati, M.Pd.

NIDN 0726076301