

## **ABSTRAK**

Umi Maulidiyatur Rochmawati, 2024, Pengaruh Penggunaan Sabun Organik Berbahan Minyak Zaitun, Bengkuang, Bunga Telang Terhadap Kulit Kering, Program Studi : Pendidikan Vokasional Kesejahteraan Keluarga Universitas PGRI Adi Buana Surabaya, Dosen Pembimbing : dr. Ria Andrani Mukti, M.Si.

Polusi udara merupakan gangguan eksternal kulit yang dapat menyebabkan kulit menjadi kering. Sehingga membutuhkan kosmetika yang mampu membersihkan dan melembapkan kulit. Minyak zaitun, bengkuang dan bunga telang mengandung asam oleat, vitamin c dan flavonoid sehingga mampu melembapkan kulit, mencerahkan kulit serta antioksidan. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui pengaruh penggunaan sabun organik berbahan minyak zaitun, bengkuang, bunga telang terhadap kulit kering. Penelitian ini menggunakan rancangan penelitian dengan pendekatan kuantitatif, metode kuasi eksperimental dengan desain one group pretest-posttest design. Sampel penelitian ini yaitu mahasiswa yang memiliki kulit kering. Metode pengumpulan data menggunakan yaitu eksperimen, kuesioner dan lembar observasi. Teknik analisis data menggunakan Uji Normalitas, Uji Homogenitas, dan uji t berpasangan. Berdasarkan hasil analisis uji t (paired sample t-test), maka dapat diperoleh hasil thitung > ttabel. yaitu thitung 11,625 dan ttabel 2,045 dengan Sig. (2 tail) 0,000 0,05, maka Ho ditolak dan Ha diterima. Jadi dapat disimpulkan ada pengaruh penggunaan sabun organik berbahan minyak zaitun, bengkuang, bunga telang terhadap kulit kering berdasarkan hasil uji observasi menggunakan digital skin analyzer. Bagi peneliti selanjutnya disarankan untuk melakukan penelitian tentang uji pH agar formula sabun ini bisa digunakan untuk bagian wajah, Perlu dilakukan penelitian tentang uji aktivitas antibakteri dari sediaan sabun organik berbahan minyak zaitun, bengkuang, bunga telang.

**Kata kunci : Sabun organik, minyak zaitun, bengkuang, bunga telang, kulit kering**

## **ABSTRACT**

*Umi Maulidiyatur Rochmawati, 2024, The Effect Of Using Organic Soap Made From Olive Oil, Bengkoang, Butterfly Pea On Dry Skin, Thesis, Study Program : Vocational Education for Family Welwafe Engineering PGRI University Adi Buana Surabaya, Supervisor : dr. Ria Andrani Mukti, M.Si.*

*Air pollution is an external skin disorder that can cause the skin to become dry. So it requires cosmetics that are able to cleanse and moisturize the skin. Olive, yam and eagle flower oils contain oleic acid, vitamin C and flavonoids so that they can moisturize the skin, brighten the skin and antioxidants. The purpose of this study was to determine the effect of the use of organic soap made from olive oil, bengkoang, butterfly pea on dry skin. This study used a research design with a quantitative approach, quasi-experimental method with a one group pretest-posttest design. The sample of this study was students who had dry skin. The data collection method uses experiments, questionnaires and observation sheets. Data analysis techniques use Normality Test, Homogeneity Test, and paired t test. Based on the results of the t-test analysis (paired sample t-test), the results of thitung < ttabel. i.e. tcount 11.625 and ttable 2.045 with Sig. (2 tails) 0.000 0.05, then Ho is rejected and Ha is accepted. So it can be concluded that there is an effect of using organic soap made from olive oil, bengkoang, butterfly pea flowers on dry skin based on the results of observation tests using a digital skin analyzer. For further researchers, it is recommended to conduct research on pH tests so that this soap formula can be used for the face, it is necessary to conduct research on antibacterial activity tests of organic soap preparations made from olive oil, yam, telang flowers.*

**Keywords :** *Organic soap, olive oil, bengkoang, butterfly pea, dry skin*